

Unit2worksheet

True/False

Indicate whether the statement is true or false.

- _____ 1. Laws allow you to copy the sound from a CD for your personal use.
- _____ 2. It is required to place a copyright notice on a creative work to make it legal protected.
- _____ 3. Copyright registration is required to provide protection.
- _____ 4. Royalty free images are those that can be used without any payment.
- _____ 5. Acknowledgement of the source of copyrighted material substitutes for obtaining permission.
- _____ 6. Deep links disappear more often than the sites themselves, as changes are made to the Web site.
- _____ 7. Intellectual property is protected just as physical property is protected.
- _____ 8. When you purchase a CD, you have the right to listen to the music as well as give the music to someone else.
- _____ 9. Sometimes when asking permission to use someone's work, a fee is required that is called a royalty payment.
- _____ 10. Ethics pertaining to digital media is about whether it is legal to copy the media.
- _____ 11. Trademarks are restricted to images that identify a business or organization.
- _____ 12. Fair use allows the use of some material but only in education.

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- _____ 1. The music one hears from a CD is an example of
 - a. ethical property.
 - b. intellectual property.
 - c. tangible property.
 - d. physical property.
- _____ 2. To identify a piece of intellectual property, it may be helpful to think about
 - a. cost.
 - b. loss.
 - c. creativity.
 - d. time.
- _____ 3. When the owner of the work has the legal right to restrict who may copy the work, it is called
 - a. copyright.
 - b. intellectual law.
 - c. literary law.
 - d. trademark.

- _____ 4. All of the following are reasons to place a copyright notice on copyright material EXCEPT:
- a. Reminds users that the work is protected.
 - b. Required by copyright law.
 - c. Clearly establishes the date when protection began.
 - d. Makes it easier to seek permission to use the work.
- _____ 5. Copyright registration requires paying a fee to the
- a. owner.
 - b. producer.
 - c. state copyright office.
 - d. United States Copyright Office.
- _____ 6. Using someone else's work for your own without giving proper credit to the original author is called
- a. trademark violation.
 - b. plagiarism.
 - c. pirating.
 - d. copyright infringement.
- _____ 7. It is important to include the access date in Web site documentation because
- a. the page may be removed.
 - b. this date is considered the date the material was written.
 - c. anything more than 10 days old can not be considered as proper documentation.
 - d. it is the only documentation that lends credibility to the Web site.
- _____ 8. MLA stands for
- a. Modern Language Association.
 - b. Manual of Language Awards.
 - c. Modern American Language.
 - d. Modern Linguistic Association.
- _____ 9. A direct results of piracy is
- a. APA.
 - b. MLA.
 - c. DRM.
 - d. CL.
- _____ 10. Ethics is
- a. about following the law.
 - b. about making the right choices.
 - c. about avoiding litigation.
 - d. not considered in personal use of intellectual materials.
- _____ 11. The Digital Millennium Copyright Act was passed by Congress in
- a. 1998
 - b. 1999
 - c. 2000
 - d. 2001
- _____ 12. Piracy involves stealing another person's work usually for
- a. giving away.
 - b. profit.
 - c. a prank.
 - d. educational use.

Short Answer

1. Explain the difference between copyright infringement and piracy?